Minnesota Electricity Prices

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Summary

- Drivers include:
 - Fuel costs
 - Emissions reductions
 - Renewable energy additions
 - Plant investment efficiency and reliability
 - Changes in the wholesale energy market
- Future outlook
 - Carbon management
 - Portfolio transition



Cooperatives in Minnesota

- Not for profit
- At-cost energy
- Democratically-controlled
- Member-oriented
- Reliability and cost focused



GRE and our membership

- 28-member cooperatives –
 1.7 million people
- \$4 billion total assets
- \$1.02 billion revenue
- 915 employees (MN and ND
- 3,573 MW generation
 - 710 MW renewables
- 4,696 miles transmission





Our structure

- GRE board of directors (26)
 - Distribution directors elected by member consumers
 - GRE directors come from member boards
- GRE board sets wholesale power rates, budgets, policies, and strategies
- GRE members elect GRE board <u>and</u> approve all resource decisions
- All 28 members have long term power supply and transmission contracts with GRE
- Monthly GRE board and member CEO meetings



Our triple bottom line





Comparison of utility types

	Investor-Owned	Publicly Owned	Cooperatives
Customers per mile of line (density)	34	48	7.4
Revenue per mile of line	\$75,500	\$113,000	\$15,000
Sales (billion kilowatt hours)	2708	570	413
Residential	36.6%	37.2%	57.9%
Commercial	39.0%	36.8%	20.3%
Industrial	24.3%	26.0%	21.8%



Wholesale vs. Distribution





Average member rate



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Member energy sales





Residential construction



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Electricity prices

- Cost vs rates
 - Costs = Revenue requirement (\$)
 - Rates = Mechanism to recover costs (\$/kWh)
- Rates calculation:



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Costs – top drivers

- Plant investment for reliability and efficiency
- Fuel costs
- Emissions reductions
- Renewable energy additions
- Changes in the wholesale energy market



Billing units – top drivers

- Residential growth stalled
 - Great recession
 - New construction remains well below prerecession levels
- Energy-efficiency
- Distributed generation





2015 assets – total = \$4.0B



- Plant G&T
- Strong cash position



2015 liabilities – total = \$4.0B



<u>Debt</u>

- \$1.1B in 1999
- Bond issues as primary source

<u>Equity</u>

20% goal by 2020

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2016 expense categories



Total Cost = \$992.1 Million



Capital spending



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Cost of environmental compliance as percentage of member rate



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Portfolio emission reductions



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Total outages per substation

Reliability – strong and improving

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