Electric Thermal Storage Water Heating *The Battery in Your Basement*

Jeff Haase | Energy Efficiency Program Representative November 18, 2015



Electric Thermal Storage (ETS) Basics



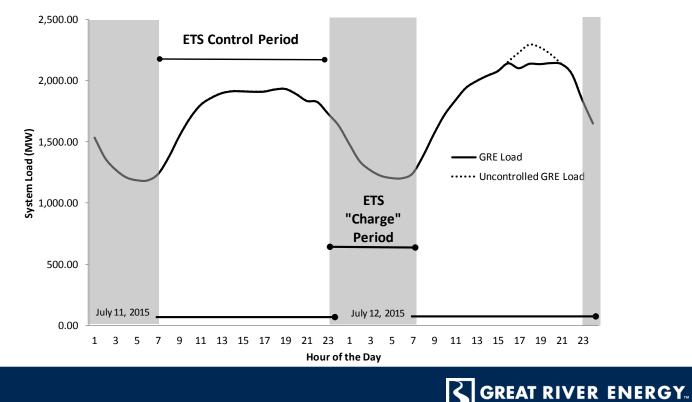
- ETS Requires a large capacity water heater, typically 85 to 105 gallons.
- Heat water between 11 pm and 7 am.
- Tank temperature can be increased with the use of a mixing valve.
- GRE controls more than 65,000 ETS water heaters throughout its member service areas.



Hot Water "Chemical" Battery

Great River Energy System Load | July 11 - 12, 2015

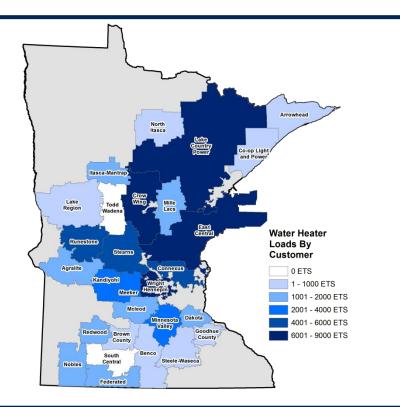




GRE's ETS Resource

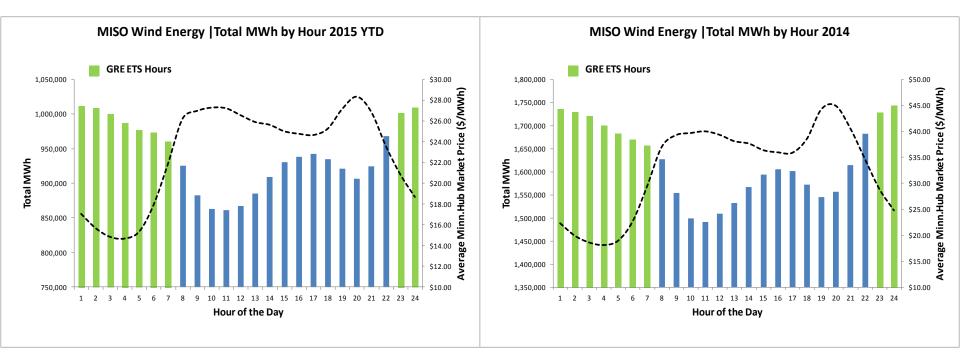
Average of 13 kWh

- 26 kWh nightly storage capacity
- Over 300 GWh /year!





Delivering Value and Utilizing Wind





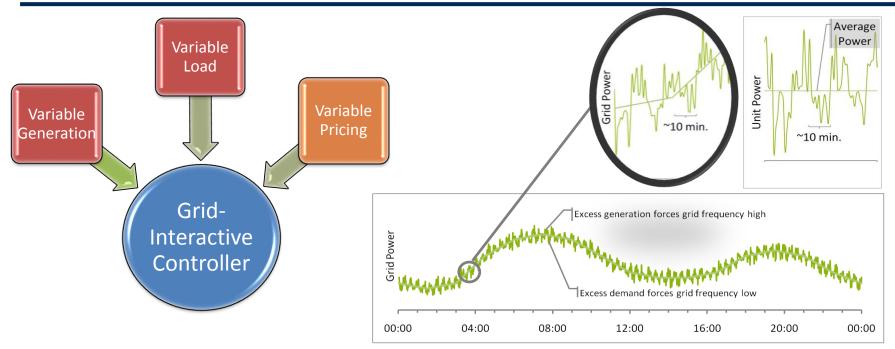
Adding Grid-Interaction to ETS

- Adjusts the temperature in response to price or availability of renewable energy
- Varies the wattage to water heater electric elements
- Assures comfort is never compromised – *home always has hot water*





Balancing the needs of the grid



Low Cost Storage | \$110 - \$300 per kW (http://www.esource.com/ES-WP-18/GIWHs)



Wholesale Cost of an Electric Water Heater

Type/Method	Energy Cost	Demand/Trans. Other Costs	Total Cost
Uncontrolled	\$256	\$50 - \$200	\$306 - \$456
Grid-Interactive LMP Optimized	\$108	0	\$108
Grid-Interactive with Regulation	(\$80)	0	(\$80)

- Uncontrolled Water Heater: No controls installed on water heater
- Grid-Interactive Water Heater: Consumes energy when LMP is low, but not doing regulation Typically there
 is no additional transmission or demand cost during low demand hours when LMP is low
- Grid-Interactive with Regulation: Consumes energy when LMP is low and provides regulation. This option
 also provides a 70% reduction in CO₂ emissions, independent of the renewable integration value.

Note: PJM has a need for about 700MW of up and down regulation.



Thank You!

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